Table 1
Body, testis and epididymis weights<sup>a</sup> at postnatal day 90 following continuous BPA exposure from early gestation.

Dose (μg/kg/d)		Average age (days)	Body (g)	Testis <sup>b</sup> (g)	Epididymis <sup>b</sup> (mg)
CLARITY-BPA doses $(n = 10)^{c}$	Vehicle	84	432.3 ± 39.8	1.662 ± 0.101	502.2 ± 49.1
	2.5	84	$404.4 \pm 35.0$	$1.635 \pm 0.223$	$461.8 \pm 25.1$
	25	85	$433.6 \pm 25.7$	$1.729 \pm 0.117$	$514.8 \pm 38.7$
	250	86	$409.7 \pm 57.7$	$1.649 \pm 0.143$	$499.2 \pm 63.9$
	2500	83	$429.0 \pm 34.1$	$1.611 \pm 0.101$	$474.2 \pm 46.1$
	25,000	84	$415.0 \pm 42.6$	$1.688 \pm 0.135$	494.6 ± 45.1
High-dose <sup>d</sup>	Vehicle $(n = 10)$	97	$474.3 \pm 33.2$	$1.794 \pm 0.092$	579.9 ± 44.7
	$250,000 \ (n=9)$	96	439.4 ± 41.8	$1.554 \pm 0.115$	$528.8 \pm 32.9$

p < .05, p < .01, \*\*\*p < .0001.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Weights are reported as the mean  $\pm$  SD; *n* represents number of litters analyzed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Organ weights are the average of the left and right testis or epididymis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Data were analyzed using one-way ANOVA relative to the CLARITY-BPA vehicle group followed by Dunnett's multiple correction test.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup> Data were analyzed using a one-way unpaired t-test relative to the high-dose study vehicle group.